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PACSystems RX3i

IC695CMU310

GFK-2420Q
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Max-ON Hot-Standby Redundancy CPU

The PACSystems^{*} RX3i Max-ON CPU IC695CMU310 provides Hot-Standby CPU redundancy using two RX3i systems. The redundant controllers exchange operating data by way of one or two dedicated Ethernet LANs. Each RX3i system in a Max-On application consists of:

- the Max-ON CPU (IC695CMU310)
- an RX3i Universal Backplane (IC695CHS0xx)
- an RX3i power supply (IC695PSxxxx)
- one or more RX3i Ethernet modules (IC695ETM001)
- Max-ON application software
- Optional Series 90-30 expansion backplanes.
- PACSystems RX3i and/or Series 90-30 modules, as appropriate for the application.

The Max-ON CPU is compatible with a wide range of RX3i and Series 90-30 modules, backplanes, and other equipment, as listed in the *PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation Manual*, GFK-2314.

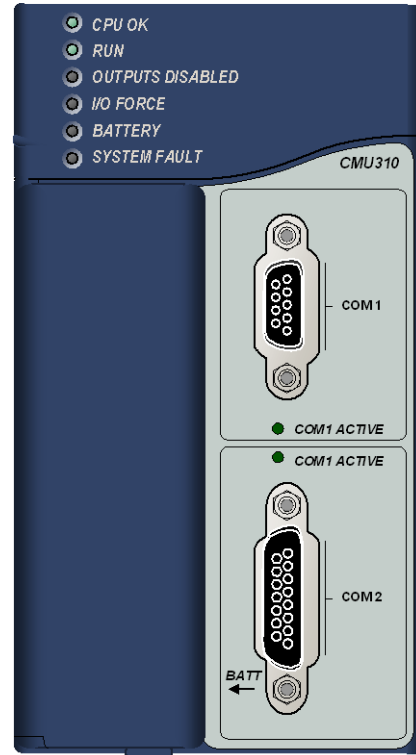
Max-ON redundancy applications include fuel loading, standby power generation, boiler systems, and manufacturing systems. The proprietary Max-ON software provides subroutines for synchronization of variables, program equivalence testing, selection of master CPU, and diagnostics. When using Max-ON redundancy, transfer of control from the Master to the Backup can take two to three CPU logic scans. I/O states are maintained during the transfer. Max-ON redundancy is not suitable for SIL 2 or 3 applications.

Features

- Programming in Ladder Diagram, Structured Text, Function Block Diagram, and C.
- Auto-located Symbolic Variables that can use any amount of user memory.
- 10 Mbytes of battery-backed user memory and 10 Mbytes of non-volatile flash user memory. Use of this flash memory is optional.
- Access to bulk memory via reference table %W.
- Reference table sizes include 32Kbits for discrete %I and %Q and up to 32Kwords each for analog %AI and %AQ.
- Up to 512 program blocks. Maximum size for a block is 128KB.
- Test Edit mode to check changes to a running program.

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- Bit-in-word referencing.
- Battery-backed calendar clock.
- In-system upgradeable firmware.
- Two serial ports: RS-485 and RS-232.



Ordering Information

Description	Catalog Number
PACSystems RX3i Max-ON CPU	IC695CMU310
Lithium Smart Battery	IC695ACC302
Auxiliary Battery Module	IC693ACC302
Lithium Battery Pack	IC698ACC701
Standard Power Supplies 120/240VAC, 125VDC, 40W 24VDC, 40W	IC695PSA040 IC695PSD040
Multifunctional Power Supplies 120/240 VAC, 125 VDC, 40W 24 VDC, 40 Watt	IC695PSA140 IC695PSD140
Rx3i 16 Slot Universal Backplane	IC695CHS016
Rx3i 16 Slot Universal Backplane	IC695CHS016
Note: For Conformal Coat option, please consult the factory for price and availability.	

Specifications

Battery: Memory retention	RX3i CPU Lithium Smart Battery, IC695ACC302 (recommended), Series 90-30 Lithium Battery Pack, IC693ACC302, or IC698ACC701 Smart Coin Cell Battery Pack
Program storage	Up to 10 Mbytes battery-backed RAM; 10 Mbytes non-volatile flash user memory
Power requirements	+3.3 VDC: 1.25 Amps nominal +5 VDC: 1.0 Amps nominal
Operating Temperature	0 to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)
Floating point	Yes
Boolean execution speed	0.195ms per 1000 Boolean instructions, typical
Time of Day Clock accuracy	Maximum drift of 2 seconds per day
Elapsed Time Clock (internal timing) accuracy	0.01% maximum
Embedded communications	RS-232, RS-485
Serial Protocols supported	Modbus RTU Slave, SNP, Serial I/O
Backplane	Dual backplane bus support: RX3i PCI and 90-30-style serial
PCI compatibility	System designed to be electrically compliant with PCI 2.2 standard
Program blocks	Up to 512 program blocks. Maximum size for a block is 128KB.
Memory	%I and %Q: 32Kbits for discrete %AI and %AQ: configurable up to 32Kwords %W: configurable up to the maximum available user RAM Symbolic: configurable up to 10 Mbytes

For environmental specifications and compliance to standards (for example, FCC or European Union Directives), refer to the PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation Manual, GFK-2314.

Important Installation Instructions for Battery

Do not connect the battery until the CPU is installed in the rack and the rack is powered on. The battery may then be attached to either of the two terminals in the battery compartment. Once that is done, the CPU may be powered down and normal battery back up operation will begin. To save battery life, do not connect the battery for the first time until the CPU is powered up.

Estimated Battery Life without Power Applied

The nominal backup values are estimated at 20°C (68°F). Backup time increases approximately 17% at 60°C and decreases approximately 32% at 0°C.

IC695ACC302 RX3i CPU Lithium Smart Battery:

Battery Life in Good State	Battery Life in Low State	Total Battery life
185 days	15 days	200 days

Note: When using the Smart Battery, the Battery Low indication can be detected only on the power up condition of the CPU either by the LED indication or the fault table.

Smart Coin Cell Battery, IC698ACC701C and later:

Battery Back-up Life in Good State	Battery Back-up Life in Low State	Total Back-up Battery Life
18 days	15 days	33 days

IC693ACC302 Auxiliary Battery Module:

200 days at 20°C (68°F)

Release History

Catalog Number	Revision	Comments
IC695CMU310-DR	6.71	Corrects the behavior of the Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests, SVC_REQ56 and SVC_REQ 57.
IC695CMU310-DP	6.70	Introduces support for new modules, enhancements to the Modbus RTU protocol, improved Run signal handling in the expansion rack and other improvements. Resolves several problems found in earlier releases.
IC695CMU310-DN	6.01	Provides for OEM protection in flash-based systems that do not use a battery. For additional problems resolved, see GFK-2420N.
IC695CMU310-DM	6.00	Adds <i>User Defined Types</i> , <i>Variable Indexed Arrays</i> , <i>Logic Driven Write to Flash</i> , and <i>Backplane Operations Controller Enhancement</i> features. See GFK-2420M for details and problems resolved.
IC695CMU310-DL	5.70	Enables support functionally identical to the IC695CMX128 for the IC695RMX128.
IC695CMU310-CK	5.61	Corrects the problem described in GFK-2420K.
IC695CMU310-CK	5.60	Supports the IC695PMM335 PACMotion Multi-Axis Motion Controller. Provides other new features and corrects the problems listed in GFK-2420K.
IC695CMU310-CJ	5.50	Supports Run-mode store of EGD. Adds support for LREAL data type.
IC695CMU310-CH	5.03	Corrects problems described in GFK-2420G.
IC695CMU310-BG	5.02	Fixed an issue where certain IC694/IC693 modules in the main backplane did not transition to stop mode after a "Loss of Module" fault was logged.
IC695CMU310-BF	5.00	Supports Scan_Set_IO, Quality Function Blocks, Optional UDF Parameters, IEC Transitionals, SNPT Network time sync.
IC695CMU310-BE	3.83	Supports the RX3i Serial Communications Modules IC695CMM002 and CMM004.
IC695CMU310-BD	3.82	
IC695CMU310-BC	3.81	Supports eight ETM modules in main backplane
IC695CMU310-AB	3.52	
IC695CMU310-AA	3.51	Initial Release

Important Product Information for this Release

Release 6.71 corrects the behavior of the Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests, SVC_REQ56 and SVC_REQ 57. For details, see "Problems Resolved in Release 6.71" on page 5.

Updates

IC695CMU310 can be field upgraded to firmware version 6.71 using the firmware upgrade utility and upgrade kit 44A753019-G15, which can be downloaded from <http://www.ge-ip.com/support>.

RX3i Max-ON CPU Functional Compatibility

Subject	Description
Programmer Version	<p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer PLC, version 6.0 or later is required to use the features added in firmware release 6.00.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.9 SIM1 or later versions required to use the new Release 5.70 features with the RX3i CPU.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.9 is required to use the new Release 5.60 features with the RX3i CPU.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.8 is required to use the new Release 5.50 features with the RX3i CPU.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.7 is required to use the new Release 5.0 features with the RX3i CPU.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.5 SIM 1 is required to enable use of the RX3i Max-ON CPU.</p> <p>Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.5 with Service Pack 1 is required to use the eight-ETM feature with the RX3i Max-On CPU.</p>
C Toolkit Compatibility	<p>The C Toolkit for PACSystems is distributed with Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer. Updates can be downloaded from http://www.ge-ip.com/support.</p> <p>C Toolkit Release 5.00 Build 16C1 or later is required when the PACSystems CPU contains firmware Release 5.00 or later. C Toolkit release 5.50 or later is required for use with the LREAL data type.</p> <p>Notes: C blocks that were built using C Toolkit versions earlier than 5.00 Build 16C1 must be recompiled using a newer toolkit version for use with CPU firmware release 5.00 or higher.</p> <p>The Series 90 Toolkit (IC641SWP709/719) is not compatible with PACSystems.</p>
Series 90-30 Expansion Rack Compatibility	<p>Series 90-30 expansion racks, both local and remote, are supported by the PACSystems RX3i.</p> <p>PACSystems RX3i CPU does not operate in a Series 90-30 Rack.</p>
Series 90-30 Main Rack Compatibility	<p>Series 90-30 Main Racks cannot be used in a PACSystems RX3i system.</p> <p>Series 90-30 CPUs do not operate in PACSystemsRX3i Racks.</p>
Isolated 24V power	<p>In applications that use the IC69xALG220/221/222, consult <i>PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation Manual</i>, GFK-2314 for details of wiring the 24V power.</p>
COMMREQ to PBM300	<p>The behavior of the COMMREQ fault output on a COMMREQ sent to the PROFIBUS master module IC695PBM300 is compatible with the Series 90-30 CPU366 PROFIBUS Master.</p>
Recommended IC200ALG240 revision	<p>When a VersaMax* system Genius* Network Interface Unit (IC200GBI001) interoperates with a Genius Bus Controller located in a PACSystems RX3i, and the VersaMax system contains an IC200ALG240 Analog Input Module, it is recommended to update the IC200ALG240 firmware to Revision 1.10 or later. Use firmware update kit 44A752313-G01, available in Knowledge Base Article i023269 at http://www.ge-ip.com/support.</p>

Problems Resolved by Release 6.71

Subject	Description
Problems with Logic Driven Read/Write of Flash	<p>The SVC_REQ functions 56 and 57 had several problems that were caused by incorrect address and offset calculations. These problems caused a variety of symptoms, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When SVC_REQ 57 was used to update a block of Word-type memory where at least 1 word value changed and at least 1 word value did not change, the data written to flash was incorrect. • Problems occurred with SVC_REQ 56 when the source memory type was byte-oriented and the destination was bit-oriented (or vice versa). • Reading flash using SVC_REQ 56 and writing to flash using SVC_REQ 57 with large offsets (e.g. %W32769) did not work with firmware versions prior to 6.71.
Reference out of range errors caused by bit-oriented functions inside a function block	<p>The use of certain bit-oriented functions (MOVE_BOOL, SHFR_BIT, ARRAY_MOVE_BOOL) inside a function block was causing <i>Reference out of range</i> errors at runtime. The problem was caused by incorrect bounds testing for the parameters of the function.</p>
Clearing of fault tables could cause CPU to miss a module interrupt	<p>When the programmer was clearing the I/O fault table, interrupts from a PMM module could be missed by the CPU. Interrupts are disabled during the clearing operation. Release 6.71 resolves this problem by minimizing the interval during which interrupts are disabled.</p>

Restrictions and Open Issues in this Release

Subject	Description
Max-ON software	<p>Automatic report generation is not available. To work around this issue, use the information that is displayed in the Status Window. The text may be selected and copied and pasted into another application.</p>
The Ethernet module fails to exchange EGD properly during power cycling	<p>Very rarely, after experiencing multiple rapid power cycles, the CPU may fail to establish communication with one or more modules in the backplane at power up. When this occurs, several pairs of "Loss of, or missing option module" and "Reset of option module" faults will be logged in the controller fault table.</p> <p>If the module is an ETM, an event 30H is recorded in its station manager event log.</p> <p>To recover from this issue, cycle power again.</p>
Loss of Power Supplies after firmware update	<p>A Loss of Power Supplies after firmware update may occur. This does not happen with all firmware updates and will not occur if the system is power cycled after the firmware upgrade has completed. The following fault is displayed when this issue occurs:</p> <pre> Loss of, or missing option module Error Code 36 Group 4 Action 3:Fatal Task Num 9 Fault Extra Data: 01 58 02 4f 80 08 0a 07 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 </pre> <p>To correct this condition, power cycle the system.</p>
Battery installation	<p>When installing a new battery, when there currently is no battery installed, the battery must be installed while the CPU has power. Failing to follow this procedure could result in the CPU not powering up.</p> <p>If a battery is installed while power is off (and there was no battery previously installed), and the CPU fails to power up, simply remove the battery, power cycle the CPU and then install the battery.</p>

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Subject	Description
Hot Swapping some analog modules slowly may result in modules not being recognized	Occasionally during a hot insertion (hot swap) of IC695 Non-Isolated Analog Input Modules, input channels may take up to 2 seconds to reflect actual input values after the module ok bit is enabled in the module status word. This only occurs when hot insertion has been done slowly (i.e. approximately 1.5 seconds to insert the module)
Ethernet disconnect during Word for Word change	If the Ethernet connection is broken during a word-for-word change, the programmer may not allow a subsequent word-for-word change after reconnecting. Recommendation: go offline and then back online again.
Simultaneous clears, loads and stores not supported	Multiple programmers may not change CPU contents at the same time. The programming software may generate an error during the operation. Simultaneous loads from a single CPU are allowed. When using Machine Edition Version 5.50, which adds Monitor and Programmer Modes, simultaneous Clear and Stores cannot be attempted.
Hardware configuration Not Equal after changing target name	If a hardware configuration is stored to flash that sets "Logic/Config Power up Source" to "Always Flash" or "Conditional Flash" and the name of the target is subsequently changed in the programming software, the hardware configuration will go Not Equal and will not Verify as equal.
Controller and IO Fault tables may need to be cleared twice to clear faulted state	Both Controller and IO fault tables may need to be cleared to take the CPU out of Stop/Fault mode. If one of the tables contains a recurring fault, the order in which the tables is cleared may be significant. Recommendation: if the CPU is still in Stop/Fault mode after both tables are cleared, try clearing the fault tables again.
Setting Force On/Off by storing initial value	After a force on or force off has been stored to the CPU, it cannot be switched from force on to force off or vice-versa by downloading initial values. Recommendation: turn off the force by doing a download, and then change the force on or off by another download.
Number of active programs returned as zero	The SNP request Return Controller Type and ID currently returns the number of active programs as zero.
Serial I/O fails at 115K during heavy interrupt load	Rarely, data corruption errors occur during serial communications when running at 115K if there is a heavy interrupt load on the CPU. Recommendation: under heavy load applications, restrict serial communications to 57K or lower.
SNP ID not always provided	The CPU's SNP ID does not appear in the Machine Edition programmer Show Status display. Service Request 11 will always return zeros.
Second programmer can change logic while in Test & Edit mode	While currently active in a Test and Edit session using Machine Edition on one PC, Machine Edition running on another PC is not prevented from storing new logic to the RX3i.
Must have logic if powering-up from flash	If no user logic exists in the CPU RAM when a write to flash is performed, the CPU may not properly load from flash after a power cycle. In order to guarantee proper power up from flash, insure that both hardware configuration and logic have been stored to RAM before writing to flash.
CPU may not detect low-battery condition	An IC693ACC302 or IC698ACC701 battery with very low capacity may still have a terminal voltage high enough to report that it is a good battery. When the battery starts supplying the memory power (battery backup), the battery voltage quickly drops to unacceptable levels, and it may fail. To insure against data loss, users should replace batteries in accordance with the guidelines provided in the <i>PACSystems CPU Reference Manual</i> , GFK-2222. Additionally, users could save logic and hardware configuration to flash.
Two loss of module faults for Universal Analog Module	Occasionally, the hot removal of the Universal Analog Input Module (IC695ALG600) results in two "Loss of I/O Module" faults instead of one.
Power up of Series 90-30 HSC module may take up to 20 seconds	As power is applied to a 90-30 High-Speed Counter, the "module ready" bit in the status bits returned each sweep from the module may not be set for as long as 20 seconds after the first CPU sweep, even though there is no "loss of module" indication. I/O data exchanged with the module is not meaningful until the module has set this bit.
Informational fault at power up	Intermittently during power-up, an Informational non-critical CPU software fault may be generated with fault extra data of 01 91 01 D6. This fault has no effect on normal operation of the CPU. But if the hardware watchdog timer expires after this fault and before power has been cycled again, the outputs of I/O modules may hold their last state, rather than defaulting to zero.

Subject	Description
Extended memory types for i/o triggers	%R, %W and %M cannot be used as I/O triggers.
Possible Machine Edition inability to connect	Infrequently, an attempt to connect a programmer to a CPU via Ethernet is unsuccessful. The normal connection retry dialog is not displayed. Recommendation: Reboot the computer that is running the programmer.
SNP Update Datagram message	If an Update Datagram message requests 6 or fewer bits or bytes of data, the CPU returns a Completion Ack without Text Buffer. The protocol specifies that the returned data should be in the Completion Ack message, but it may not be.
GBC30 may not resume operation after power cycle	In rare instances, a GBC30 in an expansion backplane may not resume normal operation after a power cycle of either the expansion backplane or the main backplane. To restore GBC operation, power cycle the rack again.
Configuration of third-party modules	Do not specify a length of 0 in the configuration of a third-party module. The module will not work properly in the system.
Power supply status after CPU firmware update	The CPU reports a "Loss of or missing option module" fault for the IC695PSD140 RX3i power supply following an update of CPU firmware. The slot appears empty in the programmer's online status detail view. The power supply continues to operate normally. Recommendation: Power cycle to restore normal status reporting.
Power supply status after power cycling	Rarely, turning a power supply on or off may not result in an add or loss fault. Also, the slot will appear empty in the programmer's online status detail view. The power supply continues to operate normally. Power cycle to restore normal status reporting.
Don't use multiple targets	If the hardware configuration is stored from one target and logic is stored from a different target, powering-up from flash will not work. The observed behavior is that, following a power up from flash, Machine Edition reports hardware configuration and logic "not equal".
Missing Loss of Terminal Block fault	The IC695ALG600/608/616 analog input modules do not produce a "Loss of terminal block" fault if the hardware configuration is stored or the module is hot-inserted when the terminal block is not locked into place.
Sequence Store failure	When downloading projects with very large hardware configurations or which use large amounts of user memory, it is possible to encounter a controller Sequence Store Failure error when writing the configuration to flash. To work around this error, either or both of the following actions may be helpful: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Perform an explicit clear of flash prior to performing the write. ▪ Increase the operation timeout used by Machine Edition prior to performing the write. This is done by expanding the Additional Configuration in the Inspector window for the target controller, and adjusting the Request Timeout. The timeout may need to be increased to as much as 60,000 msec, depending on the amount of memory used and the condition of the flash memory.
IC694MDL754: Must configure module status bits	Always configure 16 bits of module status when using this module. Configuring 0 bits of module status will result in invalid data in the module's ESCP status bits.
IC695ALG600 Lead Resistance Compensation setting	A configuration store operation fails if a channel is configured for 3-wire RTD with Lead Resistance Compensation set to Disabled. A Loss of Module fault is logged in the I/O Fault table at the end of the store operation. Recommendation: to recover the lost module, change the configuration to enable Lead Resistance Compensation and power-cycle the module.
C Toolkit PlcMemCopy documentation incorrect	This routine does allow the destination and source pointers to be outside of reference memory. If the destination points to discrete reference memory, overrides and transitions will be honored. Note that the header for PlcMemCopy has been updated in Release 3.50 of the C toolkit.
WinLoader may stop operating	On computers running Windows 2000 and using some versions of Symantec Antivirus protection, WinLoader will "lock up" if used in advanced mode. Recovery requires cycling the computer's power.

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Subject	Description
Logic and HWC not equal after power cycle	If the Hardware Config from Target 1, with Logic/Configuration Power-up Source and Data Source both set to "Always from Flash," is stored in Flash, then Logic and Hardware Config from Target 2, with Logic/Configuration Power-up Source both set to "Always from RAM," is stored to RAM and there is a good battery, then when power is cycled the programmer may show that Logic and Hardware Config are not equal. The remedy is to clear Flash and then store the Logic and Hardware Config from Target 2.
WinLoader does not detect PC COM port in use when upgrading PACSystems CPU.	WinLoader does not detect if a PC's COM port is in use when attempting to connect to a PACSystems CPU to perform a firmware upgrade. If the port is already in use it displays the status "trying to connect" followed by "waiting for target." To proceed with the upgrade, press the "abort" button and disconnect the other application that is using the COM port.
WinLoader does not display error when it can't connect serially with PACS CPU.	WinLoader does not display an error message if it cannot connect to the PACS CPU when attempting to connect to a PACSystems CPU to perform a firmware upgrade. This occurs if the cable is physically not connected to the CPU or if the CPU's serial port is not configured for the same baud as WinLoader. In this case Winloader displays the status "trying to connect" followed by "waiting for target." To proceed with the upgrade, press the "abort" button and correct the cable or baud rate setting.

Operating Notes

Subject	Description
Multiple calls to SVC_REQ 57 in a single sweep may cause CPU watchdog timeouts	Multiple calls to SVC_REQ 57 (Logic Driven Write to Nonvolatile Storage) could result in the CPU tripping the watchdog timer and going to STOP-HALT mode. The number of calls to SVC_REQ 57 that can be made requires consideration of many variables, what the software watchdog timeout value is, how much data is being written, how long the sweep is, age of nonvolatile storage (flash), etc. If the application attempts to write to flash too frequently, the CPU could experience a watchdog timeout while waiting for a preceding write operation to complete. The Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests are not intended for high frequency use. GE Intelligent Platforms recommends limiting the number of calls to SVC_REQ 57 to one call per sweep to avoid the potential of for causing a watchdog timeout and the resulting transition to Stop-Halt.
Error response 1 is no longer returned for Modbus RTU requests with invalid or undefined function codes.	Prior to release 6.70 for the RX3i, the Modbus RTU slave protocol would return an Invalid Function Code error response (1) upon receipt of a request with an invalid or undefined function code. Starting with release 6.70, the Modbus RTU slave ignores requests with an invalid or undefined function code, and no response is sent.
RUN LED is not illuminated on the Series 90-30 power supply for an RX3i remote/expansion rack with input modules only (releases earlier than 6.70).	For firmware version 6.70 and later, the RUN LED for a remote/expansion rack reflects the current IO enable/disable state (even when there are no output modules in the expansion rack). The RUN LED for a remote/expansion rack with only input modules works as follows for all versions prior to version 6.70: When a remote or expansion baseplate is used with the RX3i, the RUN LED on the Series 90-30 power supply for that baseplate is illuminated when the system is in Run mode only if the rack contains at least one output module. If the rack contains input modules only, the RUN LED is not illuminated. This is due to the way input modules are managed in the PACSystems design and does not indicate an error.
Undefined Symbols in C Blocks	In Release 5.00 or later, if an attempt is made to download a C block containing undefined symbols, the download will fail. Machine Edition will display the following message in the Feedback Zone: Error 8097: Controller Error – Controller aborted the request [0x05][0xFF] Prior to Release 5.00, C blocks containing undefined symbols could be successfully downloaded, but if they were executed the CPU would transition to Stop/Halt mode. For details, see "C Toolkit Compatibility" on page 4.

Subject	Description
Length of Serial I/O buffer	(Release 5.0 or later) The "Set Up Input Buffer Function" will always allocate a buffer containing 2049 bytes. This is one byte more than previous PACSystems releases.
Changing IP Address of Ethernet Interface While Connected	Storing a hardware configuration with a new IP address to the RX3i while connected via Ethernet will succeed, then immediately disconnect because the RX3i is now using a different IP address than the Programmer. You must enter a new IP address in the Target Properties in the Machine Edition Inspector window before reconnecting.
Duplicate Station Address for Modbus Will Conflict with Other Nodes	The default serial protocol for the RX3i is Modbus RTU. The default Station Address is 1. If the CPU is added to a multi-drop network, care must be taken that the CPU is configured with a unique Station Address. Nodes with duplicate Station Addresses on the same network will not work correctly.
Timer Operation	Care should be taken when timers (ONDTR, TMR, and OFDTR) are used in program blocks that are NOT called every sweep. The timers accumulate time across calls to the sub-block unless they are reset. They function like timers operating in a program with a much slower sweep than the timers in the main program block. For program blocks that are inactive for long periods of time, the timers should be programmed to account for this catch up feature. Related to this are timers that are skipped because of the use of the JUMP instruction. Timers that are skipped will NOT catch up and will not accumulate time while they are skipped.
Constant Sweep	Constant Sweep time, when used, should be set at least 10 milliseconds greater than the normal sweep time to avoid any over-sweep conditions when monitoring or performing on-line changes with the programmer. Window completion faults will occur if the constant sweep setting is not high enough.
Large Number of COMMREQs Sent to Module in One Sweep Causes Faults	<p>A large number of COMM_REQs (typically more than 8) sent to one module in the same sweep may cause Module Software faults to be logged in the Controller fault table. The fault group is MOD_OTHR_SOFTWR (16t, 10h) and the error code is COMMREQ_MB_FULL_START (2). The "FT" output of the function block is also set.</p> <p>Recommendation: Spread multiple COMMREQs to the same module across multiple sweeps so that fewer (typically 8 or less) are sent to the module in each sweep. Also, check the FT output parameter for errors. If the FT output is set (an error has been detected), the COMMREQ could be re-issued by the application logic.</p>
C Block standard math functions do not set errno	In C Blocks, standard math functions (e.g. sqrt, pow, asin, acos) do not set errno to the correct value and do not return the correct value if an invalid input is provided.
Hot Swap	Hot Swap of power supplies or CPUs is not supported.
Upgrading firmware	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Upgrading CPU firmware with the WinLoader utility may fail when multiple IO modules are in the main rack, due to the time required to power-cycle the rack system. If the upgrade fails, move the CPU to a rack without IO modules and restart the upgrade process. 2. Winloader initial connect baud rate is fixed at 19200 baud. Note that the firmware download will occur at 115.2K baud by default. 3. If you have hyperterm open on a port, and then try to use Winloader on the same port, Winloader will often say "Waiting for Target" until the hyperterm session is closed.
Serial Port configuration COMMREQs	<p>In the following combination of circumstances, serial communications with the CPU may become impossible:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ User configuration disables the Run/Stop switch ▪ User configures the power up mode to Run or Last ▪ Logic is stored in FLASH and user configures CPU to load from FLASH on power up ▪ User application issues COMMREQs that set the protocol on both of the serial ports to something that does not permit communications to the Machine Edition programmer.
Incorrect COMMREQ status for invalid program name	The program name for PACSystems is always "LDPROG1". When another program name is used in a COMMREQ accessing %L memory, an Invalid Block Name (05D5) error is generated.

Subject	Description
FANUC I/O Master and Slave operation	<p>Scan sets on the master do not work properly for the first operation of the scan set after entering RUN mode. They work properly for subsequent scans. After downloading a new hardware configuration and logic, a power cycle may be required to resume FANUC I/O operation.</p> <p>Use CPUs of similar performance in FANUC I/O networks. If a master or slave is located in an RX3i system, the other CPUs should be RX3is or Series 90-30 CPU374s.</p> <p>Repeated power up/down cycles of an expansion backplane containing FANUC I/O slaves may result in failure of the slaves' operation, with the RDY LED off.</p>
Lost count at power up for Serial IO Processor	<p>The serial IO Processor (IC693APU305) will lose the first count after every power up or every time the module receives a configuration.</p>
COMMREQ Status Words Declared in Bit Memory Types Must Be Byte-Aligned	<p>Prior to release 3.50, the CPU allowed configuration of COMMREQ Status Words in bit memory types on a non-byte-aligned boundary. The firmware adjusted references to the next-lowest byte boundary before updating status bits, overwriting the bits between the alignment boundary and specified location. Now, COMMREQ Status Words in bit memory types must be byte-aligned. Specify the appropriate aligned address (%I1) to ensure that the utilized location is appropriate</p>
STOP and RUN mode transition priority	<p>The PACSystems CPU receives requests to change between stop and run mode from many different sources. These include (but are not limited to) Proficy Machine Edition, HMIs, the user application, and the RUN/STOP switch. Since there are many potential sources for a mode change request, it is possible to receive a new mode change request while another is already in progress. When this occurs, the CPU evaluates the priority of the new mode change request with the mode change that is in progress. If the new mode change request has an equal or higher priority than the one already in progress, the CPU transitions to the new mode instead of the one in progress. If, however, the new mode change request has a lower priority than the one in progress, the new mode request is discarded and the CPU completes the mode change that is in progress. The sweep mode priorities are (listed from highest to lowest priority): STOP HALT, STOP FAULT, STOP, and RUN. (Note: The IO ENABLED/DISABLED state is not part of the mode priority evaluation.) For example, a CPU is in RUN IO ENABLED mode and a Service Request 13 function block is executed to place the CPU into STOP IO DISABLED mode. Before the transition to STOP IO DISABLED is completed, the RUN/STOP switch is changed from RUN IO ENABLED to RUN IO DISABLED. In this case, the CPU ignores the new request from the RUN/STOP switch to go to RUN IO DISABLED mode because it is already processing a request to go to STOP IO DISABLED mode and STOP mode has a higher priority than RUN mode.</p>
Suspend IO Function Block does not Suspend EGD	<p>In a Series 90-70 the SUSPEND_IO function block suspends EGD in addition to IO Scan. In PACSystems controllers the SUSPEND IO only suspends IO Scan.</p>

Installation in Hazardous Locations

The following information is for products bearing the UL marking for Hazardous Locations:

- EQUIPMENT LABELED WITH REFERENCE TO CLASS I, GROUPS A, B, C & D, DIV. 2 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS IS SUITABLE FOR USE IN CLASS I, DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D OR NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS ONLY
- WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR CLASS I, DIVISION 2;
- WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - WHEN IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS, TURN OFF POWER BEFORE REPLACING OR WIRING MODULES; AND
- WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - DO NOT CONNECT OR DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN SWITCHED OFF OR THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE NONHAZARDOUS.